Orchestrating Boundary-Spanning Resources for the Co-creation of Value

Evidence from an agricultural service context

Hsin-Hui Chou

Faculty of Business Administration, National Cheng Kung University, Taiwan hhchou@mail.ncku.edu.tw

Abstract

This research attempts to address the question of how resources across organizational boundaries are orchestrated in a value co-creation context. The quest for value co-creation has attracted increased attention from not only practitioners (Gouillart & Billings, 2013; Ramaswamy & Gouillart, 2010), but also academics (Kohtamäki & Rajala, 2016; Storbacka, Brodie, Böhmann, Maglio, & Nenonen, 2016; Vargo & Lusch, 2008, 2016), emerging as an important area of research. The value co-creation efforts, particularly through the mechanism of resource integration between operant and operand resources taking place within and beyond dyadic and interactive relationships (Vargo & Lusch, 2008, 2016, 2017), underpin the provision of service, create the beneficiary's value-in-context (Edvardsson, Tronvoll, & Gruber, 2011), and result in the emergence of a service ecosystem (Frow, McColl-Kennedy, & Payne, 2016; Jaakkola & Alexander, 2015). Despite the heuristic work grounded in the service-dominant logic, few is reported with regard to the process of resource orchestration through which value is co-created. Just as a firm's resources need to be adequately orchestrated by managers to create competitive advantage (Chadwick, Super, & Kwon, 2015; Sirmon, Hitt, Ireland, & Gilbert, 2011), the boundary-spanning resources that contribute to the co-creation of value in an service system are also required to orchestrated by certain actor(s), such as the hub-firm or orchestrator (Dhanaraj & Parkhe, 2006; Nambisan & Sawhney, 2011). Put it differently, the resources scattered across organizational boundaries would not automatically come into the value-creating integration process, unless they are attracted or guided by orchestration efforts. To address the research question, the developmental process of an agricultural enterprise (the focal actor) concentrating on its cooperation with numerous farmers and other stakeholders to grow its service-based business was chosen as the case for empirical investigation (Halinen, Medlin, & Törnroos, 2012; Myers, 2009). The case enabled us to study how these key stakeholders were influenced and

attracted by the focal actor, so as to contribute their resources in aligned actions for value cocreation. We uncovered that value proposition, relational resources (e.g. established relationships) and non-human actors (e.g. materials) played key roles in resource orchestration. The findings further permitted us to develop theoretical and managerial implications.

References

- Chadwick, C., Super, J. F., & Kwon, K. (2015). Resource orchestration in practice: CEO emphasis on SHRM, commitment-based HR systems, and firm performance. Strategic Management Journal, 36(3), 360-376.
- Dhanaraj, C., & Parkhe, A. (2006). Orchestrating innovation networks. Academy of Management Review, 31(3), 659-669.
- Edvardsson, B., Tronvoll, B., & Gruber, T. (2011). Expanding understanding of service exchange and value co-creation: A social construction approach. Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science, 39(2), 327-339.
- Frow, P., McColl-Kennedy, J. R., & Payne, A. (2016). Co-creation practices: Their role in shaping a health care ecosystem. Industrial Marketing Management, 56, 24-39.
- Gouillart, F., & Billings, D. (2013). Community-powered problem solving. Harvard Business Review, 91(4), 70-77.
- Halinen, A., Medlin, C. J., & Törnroos, J.-Å. (2012). Time and process in business network research Industrial Marketing Management, 41(2), 215-223.
- Jaakkola, E., & Alexander, M. (2015). The role of customer engagement behavior in value co-creation: A service system perspective. Journal of Service Research, 17(3), 247-261.
- Kohtamäki, M., & Rajala, R. (2016). Theory and practice of value co-creation in B2B systems. Industrial Marketing Management, 56, 4-13.
- Myers, M. D. (2009). Qualitative research in business and management. Los Angeles: Sage.
- Nambisan, S., & Sawhney, M. (2011). Orchestration processes in network-centric innovation. Academy of Management Perspectives, 25(3), 40-57.
- Ramaswamy, V., & Gouillart, F. (2010). The Power of Co-Creation: Build It with Them to Boost Growth, Productivity, and Profits. New York: Free Press.
- Sirmon, D. G., Hitt, M. A., Ireland, R. D., & Gilbert, B. A. (2011). Resource orchestration to create competitive advantage: Breadth, depth, and life cycle effects. Journal of Management, 37(5), 1390-1412.
- Storbacka, K., Brodie, R. J., Böhmann, T., Maglio, P. P., & Nenonen, S. (2016). Actor

- engagement as a microfoundation for value co-creation. Journal of Business Research, 69, 3008-3017.
- Vargo, S. L., & Lusch, R. F. (2008). Service-dominant logic: continuing the evolution. Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science, 36(1), 1-10.
- Vargo, S. L., & Lusch, R. F. (2016). Institutions and axioms: an extension and update of service-dominant logic. Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science, 44, 5-23.
- Vargo, S. L., & Lusch, R. F. (2017). Service-dominant logic 2025. International Journal of Research in Marketing, 34(1), 46-67.